II Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
11 Year - 1 Semester		3	0	0	3
Deep Learning					

Course Objectives:

At the end of the course, the students will be expected to:

- Learn deep learning methods for working with sequential data,
- Learn deep recurrent and memory networks,
- Learn deep Turing machines,
- Apply such deep learning mechanisms to various learning problems.
- Know the open issues in deep learning, and have a grasp of the current research directions.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of the course, student will be able to

- Demonstrate the basic concepts fundamental learning techniques and layers.
- Discuss the Neural Network training, various random models.
- Explain different types of deep learning network models.
- Classify the Probabilistic Neural Networks.
- Implement tools on Deep Learning techniques.

UNIT I: Introduction: Various paradigms of learning problems, Perspectives and Issues in deep learning framework, review of fundamental learning techniques. **Feed forward neural network:** Artificial Neural Network, activation function, multi-layer neural network.

UNIT II: Training Neural Network: Risk minimization, loss function, back propagation, regularization, model selection, and optimization.

Conditional Random Fields: Linear chain, partition function, Markov network, Belief propagation, Training CRFs, Hidden Markov Model, Entropy.

UNIT III: Deep Learning: Deep Feed Forward network, regularizations, training deep models, dropouts, Convolution Neural Network, Recurrent Neural Network, and Deep Belief Network.

UNIT IV: Probabilistic Neural Network: Hopfield Net, Boltzmann machine, RBMs, Sigmoid net, Auto encoders.

UNIT V: Applications: Object recognition, sparse coding, computer vision, natural language processing. Introduction to Deep Learning Tools: Caffe, Theano, Torch.

Text Books:

- 1. Goodfellow, I., Bengio, Y., and Courville, A., Deep Learning, MIT Press, 2016..
- 2. Bishop, C., M., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.

Reference Books:

- 1. Artificial Neural Networks, Yegnanarayana, B., PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009.
- 2. Matrix Computations, Golub, G., H., and Van Loan, C., F., JHU Press, 2013.
- 3. Neural Networks: A Classroom Approach, Satish Kumar, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2004.

II Van I Camastan		L	T	P	C
II Year - I Semester		3	0	0	3
Social Network Analysis					

Course Objectives:

• The learning objective of the course Social Network Analysis is to provide students with essential knowledge of network analysis applicable to real world data, with examples from today's most popular social networks.

Course Outcomes:

- After the completion of the course, student will be able to
- Demonstrate social network analysis and measures.
- Analyze random graph models and navigate social networks data
- Apply the network topology and Visualization tools.
- Analyze the experiment with small world models and clustering models.
- Compare the application driven virtual communities from social network Structure.

UNIT I: Social Network Analysis: Preliminaries and definitions, Erdos Number Project, Centrality measures, Balance and Homophily.

UNIT II: Random graph models: Random graphs and alternative models, Models of network growth, Navigation in social Networks, Cohesive subgroups, Multidimensional Scaling, Structural equivalence, roles and positions.

UNIT III: Network topology and diffusion, Contagion in Networks, Complex contagion, Percolation and information, Navigation in Networks Revisited.

UNIT IV: Small world experiments, small world models, origins of small world, Heavy tails, Small Diameter, Clustering of connectivity, The ErdosRenyi Model, Clustering Models.

UNIT V: Network structure -Important vertices and page rank algorithm, towards rational dynamics in networks, basics of game theory, Coloring and consensus, biased voting, network formation games, network structure and equilibrium, behavioral experiments, Spatial and agent-based models.

Text Books:

- 1. S. Wasserman and K. Faust. Social Network Analysis: Methods and Applications (Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1994)
- 2. D. Easley and J. Kleinberg, Networks, Crowds and Markets: Reasoning about a highly connected world-2010

Reference Books:

1. Social Network Analysis: Methods and Applications (Structural Analysis in the Social Sciences) by Stanley Wasserman, Katherine Faust, 1994.

(DISSERTATION) DISSERTATION PHASE – I AND PHASE – II

Syllabus Contents:

The dissertation / project topic should be selected / chosen to ensure the satisfaction of the urgent need to establish a direct link between education, national development and productivity and thus reduce the gap between the world of work and the world of study. The dissertation should have the following

- Relevance to social needs of society
- Relevance to value addition to existing facilities in the institute
- Relevance to industry need
- Problems of national importance
- Research and development in various domain

The student should complete the following:

- Literature survey Problem Definition
- Motivation for study and Objectives
- Preliminary design / feasibility / modular approaches
- Implementation and Verification
- Report and presentation

The dissertation stage II is based on a report prepared by the students on dissertation allotted to them. It may be based on:

- Experimental verification / Proof of concept.
- Design, fabrication, testing of Communication System.
- The viva-voce examination will be based on the above report and work.

Guidelines for Dissertation Phase – I and II at M. Tech. (Electronics):

- As per the AICTE directives, the dissertation is a yearlong activity, to be carried out and evaluated in two phases i.e. Phase I: July to December and Phase II: January to June.
- The dissertation may be carried out preferably in-house i.e. department's laboratories and centers OR in industry allotted through department's T & P coordinator.
- After multiple interactions with guide and based on comprehensive literature survey, the student shall identify the domain and define dissertation objectives. The referred literature should preferably include IEEE/IET/IETE/Springer/Science Direct/ACM journals in the areas of Computing and Processing (Hardware and Software), Circuits-Devices and Systems, Communication-Networking and Security, Robotics and Control Systems, Signal Processing and Analysis and any other related domain. In case of Industry sponsored projects, the relevant application notes, while papers, product catalogues should be referred and reported.
- Student is expected to detail out specifications, methodology, resources required, critical issues involved in design and implementation and phase wise work distribution, and submit the proposal within a month from the date of registration.
- Phase I deliverables: A document report comprising of summary of literature survey, detailed objectives, project specifications, paper and/or computer aided design, proof of concept/functionality, part results, A record of continuous progress.
- Phase I evaluation: A committee comprising of guides of respective specialization shall assess the progress/performance of the student based on report, presentation and Q &A. In case of unsatisfactory performance, committee may recommend repeating the Phase-I work.

- During phase II, student is expected to exert on design, development and testing of the
 proposed work as per the schedule. Accomplished results/contributions/innovations should be
 published in terms of research papers in reputed journals and reviewed focused conferences OR
 IP/Patents.
- Phase II deliverables: A dissertation report as per the specified format, developed system in the form of hardware and/or software, a record of continuous progress.
- Phase II evaluation: Guide along with appointed external examiner shall assess the progress/performance of the student based on report, presentation and Q &A. In case of unsatisfactory performance, committee may recommend for extension or repeating the work

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Ability to synthesize knowledge and skills previously gained and applied to an in-depth study and execution of new technical problem.
- 2. Capable to select from different methodologies, methods and forms of analysis to produce a suitable research design, and justify their design.
- 3. Ability to present the findings of their technical solution in a written report.
- 4. Presenting the work in International/ National conference or reputed journals.

AUDIT 1 and 2: ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

Course objectives:

Students will be able to:

Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability

Learn about what to write in each section

Understand the skills needed when writing a Title Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission

Syllabus		Г
Units	CONTENTS	Hours
1	Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness	4
2	Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticising, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts. Introduction	4
3	Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check.	4
4	key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature,	4
5	skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions	4
6	useful phrases, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first- time submission	4

Suggested Studies:

- 1. Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books)
- 2. Day R (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press
- 3. Highman N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman'sbook.
- 4. Adrian Wallwork, English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011



AUDIT 1 and 2: DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Course Objectives: -Students will be able to:

learn to demonstrate a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.

critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.

develop an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.

critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches, planning and programming in different countries, particularly their home country or the countries they work in

18	
CONTENTS	Hours
Introduction	4
Disaster: Definition, Factors And Significance; Difference Between Hazard And	1
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	Introduction

Suggested Readings:

- 1. R. Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "New Royal book Company.
- 2. Sahni, PardeepEt.Al. (Eds.)," Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi.
- 3. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies", Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.



AUDIT 1 and 2: SANSKRIT FOR TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE

Course Objectives

- 1. To get a working knowledge in illustrious Sanskrit, the scientific language in the world
- 2. Learning of Sanskrit to improve brain functioning
- 3. Learning of Sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & other subjects enhancing the memory power
- 4. The engineering scholars equipped with Sanskrit will be able to explore the huge knowledge from ancient literature

Syllabus

Unit	Content	Hours
1	Alphabets in Sanskrit,	4
	Past/Present/Future Tense,	
	Simple Sentences	
2	Order	4
	Introduction of roots	
	Technical information about Sanskrit Literature	
3	Technical concepts of Engineering-Electrical,	4
4	Technical concepts of Engineering - Mechanical.	4
5	Technical concepts of Engineering - Architecture.	4
6	Technical concepts of Engineering – Mathematics.	4

Suggested reading

- 1. "Abhyaspustakam" Dr. Vishwas, Samskrita-Bharti Publication, New Delhi
- 2. "Teach Yourself Sanskrit" Prathama Deeksha-Vempati Kutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication
- 3. "India's Glorious Scientific Tradition" Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi.

Course Output

Students will be able to

- 1. Understanding basic Sanskrit language
- 2. Ancient Sanskrit literature about science & technology can be understood
- 3. Being a logical language will help to develop logic in students



AUDIT 1 and 2: VALUE EDUCATION

Course Objectives

Students will be able to

- 1. Understand value of education and self- development
- 2. Imbibe good values in students
- 3. Let the should know about the importance of character

Syllabus

Unit	Content	Hours
1	Values and self-development –Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non- moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value judgements	4
2	Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism.Love for nature, Discipline	4
3	Personality and Behavior Development - Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline. Punctuality, Love and Kindness. Avoid fault Thinking.	4
4	Free from anger, Dignity of labour. Universal brotherhood and religious tolerance. True friendship. Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature	4
5	Character and Competence –Holy books vs Blind faith. Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation. Equality, Nonviolence, Humility, Role of Women.	4
6	All religions and same message. Mind your Mind, Self-control. Honesty, Studying effectively	4

Suggested reading

1 Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi

Course outcomes

Students will be able to 1.Knowledge of self-development

2.Learn the importance of Human values 3.Developing the overall personality



AUDIT 1 and 2: CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

Course Objectives:

Students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- 2. To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
- 3. To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

Syllabus		
Units	Content	Hours
	History of Making of the Indian Constitution:	
1	History	4
	Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)	
	Philosophy of the Indian Constitution:	
2	Preamble Salient Features	4
	Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties:	
	Fundamental Rights	
	Right to Equality	
	Right to Freedom	
3	Right against Exploitation	4
	Right to Freedom of Religion	
	Cultural and Educational Rights	
	Right to Constitutional Remedies	
	Directive Principles of State Policy	
	Fundamental Duties.	
	Organs of Governance:	
	Parliament	
	Composition	
	Qualifications and Disqualifications	
	Powers and Functions	
4	Executive	4
	President	
	Governor	
	Council of Ministers	
	Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications	
	Powers and Functions	
	Local Administration:	
	District's Administration head: Role and Importance,	
5	Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CE of	of
	Municipal Corporation.	4
	Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: ZilaPachayat.	
	Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPachayat: Position and role.	
	Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments),	
	Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials,	
	Importance of grass root democracy	
	Election Commission:	
	Election Commission: Role and Functioning.	
6	Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners.	4
	State Election Commission: Role and Functioning.	
	Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.	



Suggested reading

- 1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
- 2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

- 1. Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- 2. Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- 3. Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party [CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
- 4. Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.



AUDIT 1 and 2: PEDAGOGY STUDIES

Course Objectives:

Students will be able to:

4. Review existing evidence on the review topic to inform programme design and policy making undertaken by the DfID, other agencies and researchers.

5. Identify critical evidence gaps to guide the development.

5. Syllaby	identify critical evidence gaps to guide the development.	
Syllabu		Hanne
Units	Content	Hours
1	Introduction and Methodology: Aims and rationale, Policy background, Conceptual framework and terminology Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education. Conceptual framework, Research questions. Overview of methodology and Searching.	4
2	Thematic overview: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries. Curriculum, Teacher education.	4
3	Evidence on the effectiveness of pedagogical practices Methodology for the in depth stage: quality assessment of included studies. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy?	4
4	Theory of change. Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices. Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches. Teachers' attitudes and beliefs and Pedagogic strategies.	4
5	Professional development: alignment with classroom practices and follow-up support Peer support Support from the head teacher and the community. Curriculum and assessment	4
	Barriers to learning: limited resources and large class sizes	
6	Research gaps and future directions Research design Contexts Pedagogy Teacher education Curriculum and assessment Dissemination and research impact.	4



Suggested reading

- 1. Ackers J, Hardman F (2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, Compare, 31 (2): 245-261.
- 2. Agrawal M (2004) Curricular reform in schools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of Curriculum Studies, 36 (3): 361-379.
- 3. Akyeampong K (2003) Teacher training in Ghana does it count? Multi-site teacher education research project (MUSTER) country report 1. London: DFID.
- 4. Akyeampong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J (2013) Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacher preparation count? International Journal Educational Development, 33 (3): 272–282.
- 5. Alexander RJ (2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.
- 6. Chavan M (2003) Read India: A mass scale, rapid, 'learning to read' campaign.
- 7. www.pratham.org/images/resource%20working%20paper%202.pdf.

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to understand:

- 1. What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries?
- 2. What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices, in what conditions, and with what population of learners?
- 3. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy?



AUDIT 1 and 2: STRESS MANAGEMENT BY YOGA

Course Objectives

- 1. To achieve overall health of body and mind
- 2. To overcome stress

Syllabus

Unit	Content	Hours
1	Definitions of Eight parts of yog. (Ashtanga)	5
2	Yam and Niyam. Do's and Don't's in life. Ahinsa, satya, astheya, bramhacharya and aparigraha	5
3	Yam and Niyam. Do's and Don't's in life. Shaucha, santosh, tapa, swadhyay, ishwarpranidhan	5
4	Asan and Pranayam Various yog poses and their benefits for mind & body	5
5	Regularization of breathing techniques and its effects-Types of pranayam	4

Suggested reading

- 1. 'Yogic Asanas for Group Tarining-Part-I": Janardan Swami YogabhyasiMandal, Nagpur
- 2. "Rajayoga or conquering the Internal Nature" by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

- 1. Develop healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving social health also
- 2. Improve efficiency



AUDIT 1 and 2: PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH LIFE ENLIGHTENMENT SKILLS

Course Objectives

- 1. To learn to achieve the highest goal happily
- 2. To become a person with stable mind, pleasing personality and determination
- 3. To awaken wisdom in students

Syllabus

Unit	Content	Hours
1	Neetisatakam-Holistic development of personality	4
	Verses- 19,20,21,22 (wisdom) Verses- 29,31,32 (pride & heroism)	
	Verses- 26,28,63,65 (virtue)	
2	Neetisatakam-Holistic development of personality Verses- 52,53,59 (dont's) Verses- 71,73,75,78 (do's)	4
3	Approach to day to day work and duties. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter 2-Verses 41, 47,48,	4
4	Chapter 3-Verses 13, 21, 27, 35, Chapter 6-Verses 5,13,17, 23, 35, Chapter 18-Verses 45, 46, 48.	4
5	Statements of basic knowledge. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter2-Verses 56, 62, 68 Chapter 12 -Verses 13, 14, 15, 16,17, 18	4
6	Personality of Role model. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter2-Verses 17, Chapter 3-Verses 36,37,42, Chapter 4-Verses 18, 38,39 Chapter18 – Verses 37,38,63	s4

Suggested reading

- 1. "Srimad Bhagavad Gita" by Swami Swarupananda Advaita Ashram (Publication Department), Kolkata
- 2. Bhartrihari's Three Satakam (Niti-sringar-vairagya) by P.Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi.

Course Outcomes

Students will be able to

- 1. Study of Shrimad-Bhagwad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and achieve the highest goal in life
- 2. The person who has studied Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity
- 3. Study of Neetishatakam will help in developing versatile personality of students